

VU Research Portal

On the stability of stochastic dynamic systems and their use in econometrics Nientker, M.H.C.

2019

document version

Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Link to publication in VU Research Portal

citation for published version (APA)

Nientker, M. H. C. (2019). On the stability of stochastic dynamic systems and their use in econometrics. [PhD-Thesis - Research and graduation internal, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam].

General rightsCopyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
 You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

Take down policy

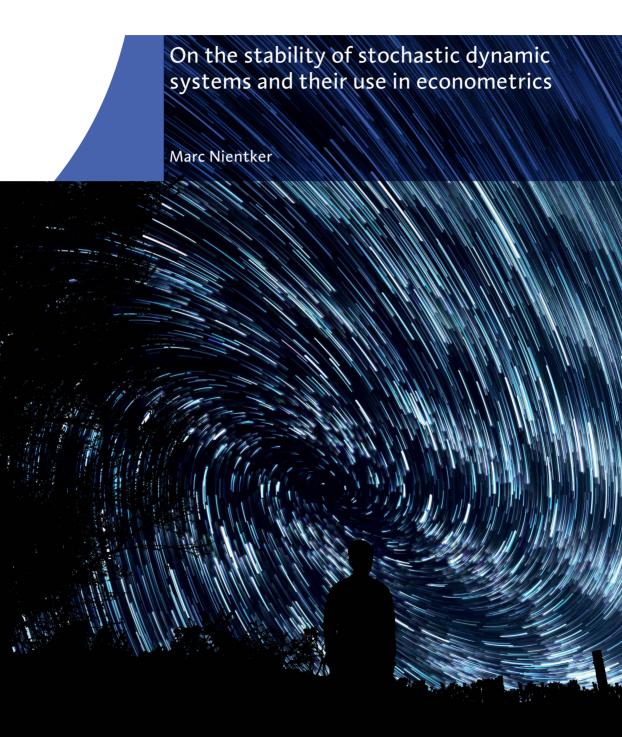
If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

E-mail address:

vuresearchportal.ub@vu.nl

Download date: 13. Mar. 2024





This dissertation studies stochastic dynamic systems and their stability properties such as stationarity, ergodicity and mixing. It introduces various new theoretical results that can be used to obtain these properties for large classes of systems that were previously inaccessible. Such a model is then introduced and studied to describe time series data containing explosive bubble behaviour, including an empirical study on the Bitcoin/US dollar exchange rate. Stability is also studied for a collection of macro economic stochastic equilibrium models in terms of approximating solution methods. Requiring stability in such a setting gives motivation to a new solution method denoted transformed perturbation, which is demonstrated to perform very well relative to existing local approximation methods.

