This thesis aimed at providing recommendations for improving the mental health care of adult depression by reviewing existing research evidence. It consists of a series of conventional and individual patient data systematic reviews and meta-analyses that were conducted in an effort to expand the current knowledge on the short and long-term outcomes of psychotherapy, its costs, adherence and negative effects. More specifically, this thesis focused on long-term effects of psychotherapy alone or in combination with antidepressants, the effects of psychotherapy in low- and middle-income countries and on economic evidence for the clinical management of major depression. Further, a special attention was placed on Internet-based interventions as these interventions have the potential to overcome many treatment barriers and increase psychotherapy accessibility and availability.